MANGERE CENTRAL SCHOOL

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

School Directory

Ministry Number: 1347

Principal: Jacqualene Maindonald

School Address: 244 Kirkbride Road, Mangere, Auckland

Postal Address: 244 Kirkbride Road, Mangere, Auckland 2022

School Phone: 09 2756773

School Email: office@mangerecentral.school.nz

Members of the Board of Trustees

Name	Position	How Position Gained	Term Expires
Toni Helleur	Chairperson	Elected May 2016	May 2019
Jacqualene Maindonald	Principal	ex Officio	
Sosaia Tuita	Parent Representative	Re-elected May 2016	May 2019
Seini Smith	Parent Representative	Elected May 2016	May 2019
Betty Tukimata	Parent Representative	Co-opted August 2017	May 2019
Paula Robert-Adams	Parent Representative	Re-elected May 2016	Resigned Sept 2018
Justin Latif	Parent Representative	Co-opted October 2018	May 2019
Lafaele Leaupepe	Parent Representative	Co-opted October 2018	May 2019
Tevita Talakai	Parent Representative	Co-opted October 2018	May 2019
Vasati Vaoiva	Staff Representative	Elected May 2016	May 2019



MANGERE CENTRAL SCHOOL

Financial Statements - For the year ended 31 December 2018

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Mangere Central School Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2018

The Board of Trustees accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the principal and others as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the school's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2018 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the school.

The School's 2018 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

Full Name of Board Chairperson	Tacqualene Maindonald Full Name of Principal
Signature of Board Chairperson	Signature of Principal
30 May 2019 Date:	30 May 2019 Date:

Mangere Central School Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

For the year ended 31 December 2018

		2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Notes	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
_		\$	\$	\$
Revenue				
Government Grants	2	4,182,104	3,855,881	3,848,341
Locally Raised Funds	3	89,217	52,360	198,330
Interest Earned		18,601	19,000	21,802
		4,289,922	3,927,241	4,068,473
Expenses				
Locally Raised Funds	3	17,943	52,220	89,910
Learning Resources	4	2,490,485	2,555,915	2,435,886
Administration	5	177,842	187,917	165,390
Finance Costs		7,515	5,043	5,863
Property	6	1,215,659	1,184,799	1,166,443
Depreciation	7	213,047	160,622	160,622
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment		8,543		4,552
		4,131,034	4,146,516	4,028,656
Net Surplus / (Deficit)		158,888	(219,275)	39,807
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenses		-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year		158,888	(219,275)	39,807

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



Mangere Central School Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2018

	2018	2018 Budget (Unaudited)	2017
	Actual		Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 January	2,336,140	2,336,140	2,296,333
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year Capital Contributions from the Ministry of Education	158,888	(219,275)	39,807
Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant	9,359		_
Equity at 31 December	2,504,387	2,116,865	2,336,140
Retained Earnings Reserves	2,504,387	2,116,865	2,336,140
Equity at 31 December	2,504,387	2,116,865	2,336,140

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



Mangere Central School Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2018

		2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Notes	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
		\$	\$	\$
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	8	190,098	22,173	144,580
Accounts Receivable	9	140,413	112,541	112,541
GST Receivable		15,629	22,175	22,175
Prepayments		14,663	11,944	11,944
Inventories	10	816	800	800
Investments	11	513,591	114,038	314,038
Funds due for Capital Work Projects	17		_	34,600
Current Liabilities		875,210	283,671	640,678
Accounts Payable	13	193,210	157,633	157,633
Revenue Received in Advance	14	9,422	•	8,153
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	15	180,563	-	178,195
Finance Lease Liability - Current Portion	16	44,161	27,400	32,411
		427,356	185,033	376,392
Working Capital Surplus		447,854	98,638	264,286
Non-current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	12	2,139,973	2,111,307	2,163,929
		2,139,973	2,111,307	2,163,929
Non-current Liabilities				
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	15	37,000	59,805	31,400
Finance Lease Liability	16	46,440	33,275	60,675
		83,440	93,080	92,075
Net Assets		2,504,387	2,116,865	2,336,140
Equity		2,504,387	2,116,865	2,336,140

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



Mangere Central School Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2018

		2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Notes	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
		\$	\$	\$
Cash flows from Operating Activities				
Government Grants		1,140,305	1,033,124	1,025,584
Locally Raised Funds		90,926	53,366	198,009
Goods and Services Tax (net)		6,546	17,335	17,335
Payments to Employees		(377,045)	(637,418)	(528,239)
Payments to Suppliers		(468,865)	(785,344)	(633,519)
Interest Paid		(7,515)	(5,043)	(5,863)
Interest Received		16,879	23,238	26,480
				•
Net cash from / (to) the Operating Activities		401,231	(300,742)	99,787
Cash flows from Investing Activities				
Proceeds from Sale of PPE (and Intangibles)		-	-	-
Purchase of PPE (and Intangibles)		(164,121)	(245,908)	(711,040)
Purchase of Investments		(199,553)	•	-
Proceeds from Sale of Investments		-	262,621	562,621
Net cash from / (to) the Investing Activities		(363,674)	16,713	(148,419)
· · ·		((, ,	10,110	(1.0,710)
Cash flows from Financing Activities				
Furniture and Equipment Grant		9,359	-	-
Finance Lease Payments		(35,998)	1,835	(23,381)
Funds Administered on Behalf of Third Parties		34,600		(79,543)
Net cash from Financing Activities		7,961	1,835	(102,924)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		45,518	(000 404)	/454 F50\
The more additional and cash equivalents		40,016	(282,194)	(151,556)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	8	144,580	304,367	296,136
· · ·		• • • • •		
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year				
and additional me also blis to the April	8	190,098	22,173	144,580

The statement of cash flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries and the use of land and buildings grant and expense have been omitted.

The above Cash Flow Statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



Mangere Central

Notes to the Financial Statements

1 Statement of Accounting Policies

For the year ended 31 December 2018

a) Reporting Entity

Mangere Central School (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a school as described in the Education Act 1989. The Board of Trustees (the Board) is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

b) Basis of Preparation

Reporting Period

The financial reports have been prepared for the period 1 January 2018 to 31 December 2018 and in accordance with the requirements of the Public Finance Act 1989.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education Act 1989 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The school is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as "having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders".

PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the school is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expenditure threshold of \$30 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar,

Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates,

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in the Significant Accounting Policies are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note



Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

Classification of leases

The School reviews the details of lease agreements at the end of each reporting date. The School believes the classification of each lease as either operation or finance is appropriate and reflects the nature of the agreement in place. Finance leases are disclosed at note 16.

Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carry forward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

c) Revenue Recognition

Government Grants

The school receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives:

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Use of land and buildings grants are recorded as revenue in the period the School uses the land and buildings. These are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown.

Other Grants

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recorded as revenue when their receipt is formally acknowledged by the School.

Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and Investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

d) Use of Land and Buildings Expense

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes. This is a non-cash expense that is offset by a non-cash grant from the Ministry.

e) Operating Lease Payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

f) Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

g) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

h) Accounts Receivable

Accounts Receivable represents items that the School has issued invoices for or accrued for, but has not received payment for at year end. Receivables are initially recorded at fair value and subsequently recorded at the amount the School realistically expects to receive. A receivable is considered uncollectable where there is objective evidence the School will not be able to collect all amounts due. The amount that is uncollectable (the provision for uncollectibility) is the difference between the amount due and the present value of the amounts expected to be collected.



i) Inventories

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and comprise of stationery and school uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

i) investments

Bank term deposits for periods exceeding 90 days are classified as investments and are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. After initial recognition bank term deposits are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment.

The School has met the requirements under Schedule 6, Section 28 of the Education Act 1989 in relation to the acquisition of investment securities.

k) Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements to buildings owned by the Crown are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Property, plant and equipment acquired with individual values under \$1,000 are not capitalised, they are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Leased Assets

Leases where the School assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. The assets acquired by way of finance lease are measured at an amount equal to the lower of their fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments at inception of the lease, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Leased assets and corresponding liability are recognised in the Statement of Financial Position and leased assets are depreciated over the period the School is expected to benefit from their use or over the term of the lease.

Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment except for library resources are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Library resources are depreciated on a diminishing value basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:

Building improvements – Crown 40 years
Furniture and equipment 10 years
Information and communication technology 5 years
Leased assets held under a Finance Lease 3 years

Library resources 12.5% Diminishing value

I) Impairment of property, plant, and equipment

The school does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.



m) Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

n) Employee Entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are due to be settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay.

These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned to but not yet taken at balance date.

o) Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from Massey University for a summer holiday programme where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees earned.

p) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision for cyclical maintenance represents the obligation the Board has to the Ministry and is based on the Board's ten year property plan (10YPP).

q) Financial Assets and Liabilities

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are categorised as "loans and receivables" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable and finance lease liability. All of these financial liabilities are categorised as "financial liabilities measured at amortised cost" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

r) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

s) Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board at the start of the year.

t) Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.



2	Government Grants

	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Operational grants	1,025,665	954,105	942,704
Teachers' salaries grants	2,092,592	1,899,893	1,899,893
Use of Land and Buildings grants	949,207	922,864	922,864
Other MoE Grants	114,640	79,019	82,880
	4,182,104	3,855,881	3,848,341

3 Locally Raised Funds

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:

	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Revenue	\$	\$	\$
Donations	41,658	10,000	34,982
Fundraising	15,514	5,000	83,774
Trading	28,986	26,000	52,380
Activities	3,059	11,360	27,194
	89,217	52,360	198,330
Expenses			
Activities	3,975	22,120	42,362
Trading	9.144	17 600	37,353
Fundraising (costs of raising funds)	4,824	12,500	10,195
	17,943	52,220	89,910
Surplus for the year Locally raised funds	71,274	140	108,420

4 Learning Resources

	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Curricular	51,940	76,068	55,896
Equipment repairs	· -	500	· <u>-</u>
Information and communication technology	29,190	30,000	37,737
Extra-curricular activities	9,282	14,000	7,466
Library resources	9,294	1,750	2,928
Employee benefits - salaries	2,345,317	2,366,797	2,276,381
Staff development	45,462	66,800	55,478
	2,490,485	2,555,915	2,435,886

5 Administration

	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Audit Fee	6,180	6,250	5,790
Board of Trustees Fees	4,225	4,400	2,800
Board of Trustees Expenses	8,543	13,300	6,872
Communication	11,373	9,400	9,052
Consumables	9,490	12,800	12,411
Operating Lease	6,187	6,188	6,187
Other	11,107	15,700	9,675
Employee Benefits - Salaries	96,312	91,800	85,081
Insurance	10,628	14,282	14,062
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	13,797	13,797	13,460
	177,842	187,917	165,390

6 Property

	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables	9,176	10,050	8,890
Consultancy and Contract Services	61,157	50,000	53,543
Cyclical Maintenance Provision	7,968	28,405	24,916
Grounds	11,938	11,783	9,562
Heat, Light and Water	40,939	37,819	37,819
Repairs and Maintenance	96,939	54,378	45,405
Use of Land and Buildings - Non Integrated	949,207	922,864	922,864
Employee Benefits - Salaries	38,335	69,500	63,444
	1,215,659	1,184,799	1,166,443

The use of land and buildings figure represents 8% of the school's total property value. This is used as a 'proxy' for the market rental of the property. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

7 Depreciation of Property, Plant and Equipment

	2018	2018	2017
		Budget	
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Building Improvements - Crown	42,831	36,305	36,305
Furniture and Equipment	81,991	74,838	74,838
Information and Communication Technology	38,831	20,143	20,143
Leased Assets	43,120	23,335	23,335
Library Resources	6,274	6,001	6,001
	213,047	160,622	160,622

8 Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Cash on Hand	210	~	210
Bank Current Account	180,534	22,173	135,034
Bank Call Account	9,354	-	9,336
Net cash and cash equivalents and bank overdraft for Cash Flow Statement	190,098	22,173	144,580

The carrying value of short-term deposits with maturity dates of 90 days or less approximates their fair value.



Mangere Central School

Annual Report and Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

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9 /	\cco	unts	Reci	eivable	2
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9 Accounts Receivable			
	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual S
Receivables		· -	440
Interest Receivable	4,262	2,980	2,540
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	136,151	109,561	109,561
	140,413	112,541	112,541
Description from Market and Towns			
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	4,262	2,980	2,980
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	136,151	109,561	109,561
	140,413	112,541	112,541
•			
10 Inventories			
	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Stationery	816	800	800
	816	800	800
11 Investments			

The School's investment activities are classified as follows:

	2018	2018 Budget	2017
Current Asset Short-term Bank Deposits	Actual \$ 513,591	(Unaudited) \$ 114,038	Actual \$ 314.038

12 Property, Plant and Equipment

2018	Opening Balance (NBV) \$	Additions \$	Disposals \$	Impairment \$	Depreciation \$	Total (NBV) \$
Building Improvements	1,489,920	33,237	_		(42,831)	1,480,326
Furniture and Equipment	430,253	37,882	_	-	(81,991)	386,144
Information and Communication					. ,	,
Technology	107,840	70,694	-	-	(38,831)	139,703
Leased Assets	93,907	44,596	(5,504)	-	(43,120)	89.879
Library Resources	42,009	11,683	(3,497)	-	(6,274)	43,921
Balance at 31 December 2018	2,163,929	198,092	(9,001)	-	(213,047)	2,139,973

Accumulated Depreciation 2018	Cost or Valuation \$	Accumulated Depreciation \$	Net Book Value \$
Building Improvements	1,715,728	(235,402)	1,480,326
Furniture and Equipment	1,068,349	(682,205)	386,144
Information and Communication Technology	249,068	(109,365)	139,703
Leased Assets	166,279	(76,400)	89,879
Library Resources	112,159	(68,238)	43,921
Balance at 31 December 2018	3,311,583	(1,171,610)	2,139,973

The net carrying value of equipment held under a finance lease is \$89,879

2017	Opening Balance (NBV) \$	Additions \$	Disposals \$	Impairment \$	Depreciation \$	Total (NBV) \$
Building Improvements	977,763	548,462	-	` •	(36,305)	1,489,920
Furniture and Equipment	434,468	70,623	_	_	(74,838)	430,253
Information and Communication	•	•			(- 1,)	,
Technology	46,631	85,415	(4,063)	-	(20,143)	107,840
Leased Assets	78,089	41,919	(2,766)	-	(23,335)	93,907
Library Resources	42,882	6,390	(1,262)	-	(6,001)	42,009
Balance at 31 December 2017	1,579,833	752,809	(8,091)		(160,622)	2,163,929

Accumulated Depreciation 2017	Cost or Valuation \$	Accumulated Depreciation \$	Net Book Value \$
Building Improvements	1,682,491	(192,571)	1,489,920
Furniture and Equipment	1,034,102	(603,849)	430,253
Information and Communication Technology	204,249	(96,409)	107.840
Leased Assets	132,766	(38,859)	93,907
Library Resources	109,599	(67,590)	42,009
Balance at 31 December 2017	3,163,207	(999,278)	2,163,929

The net carrying value of equipment held under a finance lease is \$93,907



13 Accounts Payable

	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Operating creditors	30,608	45,448	32,150
Accruals	7,512	-	7,310
Banking staffing overuse	16,638	-	-
Employee Entitlements - salaries	137,688	109,561	117,484
Employee Entitlements - leave accrual	764	2,624	689
	193,210	157,633	157,633
Payables for Exchange Transactions	193,210	157,633	157,633
	193,210	157,633	157,633

The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.

14 Revenue Received in Advance

	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Other - Reading Project	9,422		8,153
	9,422		8,153

15 Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

	2018	2018	2017
		Budget	
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Provision at the Start of the Year	209,595	209,595	184,679
Increase to the Provision During the Year	7,968	28,405	24,916
Adjustment to the Provision		(178,195)	-
Provision at the End of the Year	217,563	59,805	209,595
Cyclical Maintenance - Current	180,563		178,195
Cyclical Maintenance - Term	37,000	59,805	31,400
	217,563	59,805	209,595

16 Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements as listed. Minimum lease payments payable:

- (a) 7 leases with TRL Leasing under the MOE TELA scheme
- (b) 1 lease with Fuji Xerox for 7 copiers
- (c) 1 lease with Flexigroup for Ruckus Wifi Access points
- (d) 1 lease with Flexigroup for 35 Acer C731 chromebooks
- (e) 1 lease with Hewlett Packard for 30 iPads and 50 chromebooks

	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
No Later than One Year	48,815	27,400	19,397
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	48,355	33,275	58,840
	97,170	60,675	78,237



17 Funds Held for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Minlstry of Education for the following capital works projects:

Block 6 Upgrade (Intermediate) Block 2 Rms15&16 Redevelopment Totals	2018 completed completed	Opening Balances \$ (13,600) (21,000) (34,600)	Receipts from MoE \$ 13,600 21,000 34,600	Payments \$ - -	BOT Contribution/ (Write-off to R&M) \$	Closing Balances \$ - -
Represented by: Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry Funds Due from the Ministry of Educ						
	2017	Opening Balances	Receipts from MoE	Payments	BOT Contribution/ (Write-off to R&M)	Closing Balances
EVA Compt Olympian Blacks	** *** !	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
5YA Carpet Classrm Block3	completed	(15,821)	15,821		•	
Block 6 Upgrade (Intermediate)	in progress	85,318	-	(476,643)	•	(13,600)
Block 2 Rms15&16 Redevelopment	ın progress	(24,554)	-	(151,885)		(21,000)
Totals		44,943	15,821	(628,528)	533,164	(34,600)

18 Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the school. The school enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and condition no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.



19 Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all trustees of the Board, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

	2018 Actual \$	2017 Actual \$
Board Members Remuneration		
	4,225	2,800
Full-time equivalent members	0.05	0.05
Leadership Team		
Remuneration	328,755	730,322
Full-time equivalent members	3	8
Total key management personnel remuneration	332,980	733,122
Total full-time equivalent personnel	3.05	8.05

The full time equivalent for Board members has been determined based on attendance at Board meetings, Committee meetings and for other obligations of the Board, such as stand downs and suspensions, plus the estimated time for Board members to prepare for meetings.

Principal

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

	2010	4017
	Actual	Actual
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:	\$000	\$000
Salary and Other Payments	150 - 160	130 - 140
Benefits and Other Emoluments	1 - 10	1 - 10

Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration	2018	2017
\$000	FTE Number	FTE Number
-	-	-
	-	•

2040

2047

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.

20 Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be trustees, committee member, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2018 Actual	2017 Actual
Total	•	-
Number of People		_

21 Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities and no contingent assets as at 31 December 2018 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2017; (Nil).

Holidays Act Compliance - schools payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of school boards of trustees, through payroll service provider Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry has commenced a review of the schools sector payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003. The initial phase of this review has identified areas of non-compliance, however the potential impact on any specific school or individual and any associated historical flability will not be known until further detailed analysis has been completed.

To the extent that any obligation cannot reasonably be quantified at 31 December 2018, a contingent liability for the school may exist.

DO AUCKLANE

2018

2017

22 Commitments

(a) Capital Commitments

As at 31 December 2018 the Board has no capital commitments.

(Capital commitments at 31 December 2017: (Nil)

(b) Operating Commitments

As at 31 December 2018 the Board has entered into the following contract: (a) 1 operating lease with Toyota Finance NZ Ltd for a 2015 Toyota Hiace Van

	Actual \$	Actual \$
No later than One Year	6,187	6,187
Later than One Year and No Later than Five Years	6,704	12,891
	12,891	19,078

23 Managing Capital

The School's capital is its equity and comprises capital contributions from the Ministry of Education for property, plant and equipment and accumulated surpluses and deficits. The School does not actively manage capital but "attempts" to ensure that income exceeds spending in most years. Although deficits can arise as planned in particular years, they are offset by planned surpluses in previous years or ensuing years.

24 Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Loans and receivables

	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	190,098	22,173	144,580
Receivables	140,413	112,541	112,541
Investments - Term Deposits	513,591	114,038	314,038
Total Cash and Receivables	844,102	248,752	571,159
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Payables 1	193,210	157,633	157,633
Finance Leases	90,601	60,675	93,086
Total Financial Liabilities Measured at Amortised Cost	283,811	218,308	250,719

25 Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.





Mangere Central School Analysis of Variance 2018

			5	writing				
At and Above	bove				Wellb	Well below & below	below	
	2016	2017	2018	Year	2016	2017	2018	Year
All	70	68.1	77.6	9.5	30	31.9	22.4	9.5
Maori	8.79	56.6	82.5	25.9	32.2	43.4	17.5	25.9
Pacifica	71.2	71.2	76.4	5.2	28.8	28.8	23.6	5.2
Asian	73.2	73.3			26.9	26.7		
Male	2.09	9.09	72.7	12.1	39.3	39.4	27.3	12.1
Female	78.2	74.8	82.6	7.8	21.8	25.2	17.4	7.8

			\$	Writing				
9	At and Above				Well b	Well below & below	below	
18000	2016	2017	2018 Year	Year	2016	2017	2018 Year	Year
	70	68.1	77.6	9.5	30	31.9	22.4	9.5
SECTION	8.79	56.6	82.5	25.9	32.2	43.4	17.5	25.9
acifica	71.2	71.2	76.4	5.2	28.8	28.8	23.6	5.2
76381	73.2	73.3			26.9	26.7		
	2.09	9.09	72.7 12.1	12.1	39.3	39.4	27.3	12.1
emale	78.2	74.8	82.6	7.8	21.8	25.2	17.4	7.8

25.5 26.8

20.5

17.2

82.2 76.7

23.3

23.3

76.7

84.6

30.9 22.4

55 37

24.1

30.9

45 63

75.9

74.4 84.1

14.6

15.9 25.6

22.4

85.4

26.9

46 46 44

19.1

20.4 17.8 20.3 15.4

26.9 25.5 26.2

22 54 99

80.9 79.5

79

82.2 79.7

Year

2018

2017

2016

Year

2018

2017

2016

t and Above

Well below & below

Reading

			2	Maths				
At and Above	bove				Well b	Well below & below	below	
	2016	2017	2018 Year	Year	2016	2017	2018	Year
All	74.7	70.2	77.6	7.4	25.3	29.8	22.4	7.4
Maori	68.9	6.69	82.5	12.6	31.1	30.1	17.5	12.6
Pacifica	76.3	70.5	76.4	5.9	23.7	29.5	23.6	5.9
Asian	80.8	7.97			19.2	23.3		
Male	73	69	72.7	3.7	27	31	27.3	3.7
Female	76.2	71.2	82.6	11.4	23.8	28.8	17.4	11.4

Mangere Centra	Mangere Central School - Analysis of variance
Strategic Aim:	Empowering learners to take flight - Motivated - Caring - Successful
Annual Aim:	 Goal 1: 100% of our students to make at least one year's progress. Goal 2: Preparing our learners for living, learning and working in an ever-changing world, connected to their own cultures and our global environment. Goal 3: Leadership skills developed at all levels of our school community so that our relentless focus on continuous improvement and innovation is maintained.
Target:	Goal 1: 100% of our students to make at least one year's progress.
Baseline Data:	The progression through Language and Literacy is that children write after they learn to read and read after they learn to talk and talk after they have experiences to talk about. In my experience it is unusual for there to be a notable disparity between achievement in reading and writing - particularly if weighted in favour of writing. The data I have been given indicates a disparity weighted considerably in favour of writing. Analysing data from the past several years shows a variety of trends, most of them positive, until we come to last year's reading data. My experience tells me there are rarely dramatic changes up or down in overall learning achievement data - unless either of two factors applies.
	 A dramatic change in personnel with new personnel being incompetent. This can lead to a drop-off in results but would require a considerable number of teachers to be failing to show a big impact. A dramatic change in curriculum resourcing, professional development and focus. This can lead to improvement, but usually takes more than a year to show dramatic changes. There is a third possibility - teacher or data error in terms of our new student management system.
	Over my time here we have sharpened our focus on quality teaching and learning practices. We have sharpened our focus on Teaching As Inquiry, as per page 36 in the New Zealand Curriculum document and we have sharpened our focus on positive learning relationships and engagement to empower our learners and improve their learning outcomes.
	Therefore we will revisit this data with staff. We will engage first with Team Leaders. We will review our assessment practices - Reading Running Records, PAT STAR (Standardised Test of Achievement in Reading) and interpretation and recording of this data.
	Based on regular visits to classrooms, appraisal information and feedback from Team Leaders, I know we have robust and positive programmes in place. I know our professional development is targeted and appropriate and has led to improved classroom relationships and practice. The data presented is clearly an anomaly and will be investigated to ensure we have accurate data in future.
	Final Point: In migrating our assessment to Linc-Ed we follow a series of progressions for each child. This will allow us to pinpoint specific children not achieving or at risk of not achieving and ensure every support measure possible is targeted towards meeting their needs and addressing their learning progress.
	This will ensure consistency of recording and analysis of achievement data - both the individual and by a plethora of cohorts.

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Mangere Central School - Analysis of variance	variance		
	Outcome What happened?	Reasons for the variance Why did it happen?	Evaluation Where to next?
In 2018 our school hosted the MindLab post graduate course and we had 19 teachers enrol and participate in the course. This required a huge mindset change as we moved from an odd/even year set curriculum to an integrated inquiry approach to teaching and learning	A change from direct instruction that focused on a narrow curriculum to an integrated inquiry that focuses on learner agency lead to an initial drop off in one core curriculum area.	A change from direct instruction that focused on a narrow curriculum to an integrated inquiry that focuses on learner agency lead to an initial drop off in one core curriculum area.	Over the next 12 months we will continue our focus on integrated inquiry that focuses on learner agency through school wide professional development on:
and moving from a compliance model to a collaborative model.	We believe this will be a short term effect and in the long term the results in this area will improve, but more importantly the attitude to life long learning and	We believe this will be a short term effect and in the long term the results in this area will improve, but more importantly the affitude to life long learning and	 Visible Learning with Shaun Hawthorne (Cognition Education)
Alongside the Mindlab course staff were also participating in our in-school professional development of Student Lod Inquiry. This emported toochers in the	learner lead learning will have a lasting impact far beyond that one curriculum area.	learner lead learning will have a lasting impact far beyond that one curriculum area.	Choice Theory with Bette Blance (Glasser Institution NZ)
above where they learnt how to integrate curriculum topics through reading, writing and maths in order to	~		 Student Led Inquiry with Trudy Francis (21st Learning)
make learning more authentic and relevant for our children.			 Grow Smart - our in-school appraisal process
Our focus was identifying quality 'teaching practices'			Linc-Ed - our student management system
to engage children. By focusing on quality teaching practices teachers develop skills that carry across all			We will continue to look at the way we can:
curriculum areas.			
Throughout this process we have identified that our next focus is growing student agency because we want lasting attitudinal change rather than short term			 Track learning progressing following in the wake of the removal of National Standards reporting.
narrow curriculum gains.	8		To support parents to engage with their
We moved from a student management system which recorded data to a system that allows us to track student progress and report to our parents in real time			cniid s learning through Live Keporting
inrougn a parent portal.			To build on children engagement with earning and offer them the opportunity to develop their skills and passions through:
			 Discovery - Science, Technology, Engineering, the Arts, Media
			 Whanau - Learning Languages
			 Music and choir
			Sport

MANGERE CENTRAL SCHOOL

244 Kirkbride Road, Mangere, Auckland 2022 principal@mangerecentral.school.nz - 021 47 8887



Monday 20 May 2019

RE: Kiwi Sport Funding

Our school is based in a decile 1 community. Most of our families are beneficiaries, the majority of the remainder tend to be in low-income employment. A considerable number are also single-parent families. Obviously this makes it difficult for our parents as there is simply not spare disposable income to commit to extra school activities.

In 2018 Mangere Central School received \$6,268.29 in Kiwi Sport funding. These funds were used to support a variety of initiatives to increase participation in physical wellbeing.

- · Tennis coaching and facility use
- · Increase in sport tournaments and travel

The remainder of the funds were spent replenishing sports trolleys and whole school physical education equipment to ensure that our students were able to access equipment and partake of sports during their breaks as well as instructional lessons.

Kind regards

J Maindonald principal



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE READERS OF MANGERE CENTRAL SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The Auditor-General is the auditor of Mangere Central School (the School). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Blair Stanley, using the staff and resources of BDO Auckland, to carry out the audit of the financial statements of the School on his behalf.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the School on pages 3 to 18, that comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2018, the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense, statement of changes in net assets/equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, and the notes to the financial statements that include accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion the financial statements of the School:

- present fairly, in all material respects:
 - its financial position as at 31 December 2018; and
 - its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime.

Our audit was completed on 30 May 2019. This is the date at which our opinion is expressed.

The basis for our opinion is explained below. In addition, we outline the responsibilities of the Board of Trustees and our responsibilities relating to the financial statements, we comment on other information, and we explain our independence.

Basis for our opinion

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Responsibilities of the auditor section of our report.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of the Board of Trustees for the financial statements

The Board of Trustees is responsible on behalf of the School for preparing financial statements that are fairly presented and that comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand. The Board of Trustees is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable it to prepare financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Trustees is responsible on behalf of the School for assessing the School's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board of Trustees is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless there is an intention to close or merge the School, or there is no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Trustees' responsibilities arise from the Education Act 1989.



Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures, and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of readers taken on the basis of these financial statements.

For the budget information reported in the financial statements, our procedures were limited to checking that the information agreed to the School's approved budget.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Trustees.
- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Board of Trustees and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the School's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the School to cease to continue as a going concern.
- We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- We assess the risk of material misstatement arising from the Novopay payroll system, which may still contain errors. As a result, we carried out procedures to minimise the risk of material errors arising from the system that, in our judgement, would likely influence readers' overall understanding of the financial statements.



We communicate with the Board of Trustees regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Our responsibilities arises from the Public Audit Act 2001.

Other information

The Board of Trustees is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included on pages 19 to 49, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independence

We are independent of the School in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1 (Revised): Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

Other than the audit, we have no relationship with or interests in the School.

Blair Stanley BDO Auckland

On behalf of the Auditor-General

Auckland, New Zealand

PAR Stanley